checked during the truce period, Count Bernadotte said:

"Immigration must not be considered as solely applying to Israel."

He declined to go into details on the second chief sticking point, the question whether Jews should be permitted to move supplies and civilians freely through Arab Army lines to Jerusalem.

Harold Evans, Pennsylvania Quaker named to be "Mayor" of Jerusalem under a neutral regime, accompanied Count Bernadotte on his flying visits to other Middle Eastern capitals.

Bernadotte in Cairo

CAIRO, Egypt, June 4 (U.P.)—Count Bernadotte arrived here this morning from Haifa, Israel, and conferred for seventy-five minutes with Egyptian Premier Mahmoud Fahmy Nokrashy Pasha. In Haifa he had conferred with Israeli Foreign Minister Moshe Shertok for three hours last night. Previously he had talked to Trans-Jordan and Iraqi leaders in Amman, Trans-Jordan.

At a press conference Count Bernadotte said he wanted to talk to the Syrians and Lebanese before he fixed a date for the truce to start. Discreetly disclosing the difficulties he had met, he said:

"It is my duty to clarify the different interpretations of the resolutions taken by the United Nation Security Council May 29. This resolution has been differently interpreted by the two parties. After the situation has been clarified we shall know where we stand, and I hope the clarification will not take long."

Disclosing that his chief difficulty was over Jewish insistence that immigration continue un-

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