EGYPT'S ASSEMBLY WILL BE ADVISORY
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Draft Law Published in Cairo Shows Limited Character of Parliamentary Rule

Special to The New York Times.

CAIRO, May 11—The National Consultative Assembly, promised to the Egyptian people two months ago will be limited to an advisory role, according to a draft law published today.

The draft, published in the semi-official daily Al Gamhouriya, will be presented to the Cabinet tomorrow, according to Al Gamhouriya. It provides for 240 members representing economic and social groups who can approve bills on the request of the Government, initiate and submit draft legislation to the Government or "urge" the Government to amend or abrogate laws. Members are to be chosen by municipal councils from a list of Government nominees.

As defined in the draft law, the Assembly is a far cry from the swift return to full constitutional civilian government promised by President Mohammed Naguib when he was restored to power for a short period early in March after his unceremonious dismissal by an Army junta.

The Assembly members will however have parliamentary immunity, according to the draft, which would permit a degree of criticism of the junta impossible now.

Representation Is Defined

Article One of the draft stipulates that seventy-two members will represent agricultural interests subdivided as follows: Eighteen will represent proprietors of ten feddans (10.4 acres) of land or more; the rest will represent proprietors of less than ten feddans, lease holders and agricultural laborers (fellahin).

There will be one member from each Province and Governorate chosen by the municipal councils; twenty-five members from workers organizations in industry, transport and commercial fields; five representatives of owners of built-up property in the Provinces and Governorates; five representatives of industrialists; fifteen merchant representatives; five representatives of banks and insurance companies; fifty members chosen by professional organizations, and fifty "religious dignitaries, thinkers and specially qualified experts in economic, social, cultural and scientific affairs."

Other Provisions Listed

Article Two provides that the seventy-two agricultural members and five representatives from the Provinces and Governorates be selected by the municipal councils from a list twice that number nominated by the Cabinet. All other members are to be chosen directly by the Cabinet.

Article Four specifies that Assembly members should be literate, Egyptian nationals of not less than 25 years of age, who possess full civil and political rights.

Article Five forbids members from holding other public offices. Article Seven asserts that "Assembly members are not liable to punishment for the views they express and statements they make inside the Assembly" and Article Ten says that an absolute Assembly majority is required to oust a member.

Article Eleven provides for loss of the seat if the member's qualifications fall short of the stipulations, "if he fails to live up to the requirements or dignity of his post" and if he is absent from five consecutive sessions without permission or acceptable reason.

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