French Want Tangibles
By LANSING WARRENSpecial to The New York Times.
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PARIS, Nov. 21 — Premier Mendès-France has evidently had an outstanding personal success in correcting unfavorable impressions of his policies in Washington. However, comment on his talks with President Eisenhower and Secretary Dulles was reserved tonight because of what was considered the vagueness of the Washington communiqué.

The French press and public seem uncertain whether anything tangible has been obtained in the way of United States assistance for French policies in Southeast Asia, in North Africa and France. If the United States uses its good offices with Egypt the move will be welcomed.

M. Mendès-France is thought at least to have prevented any hostility from the United States on the status of the Saar, but the communiqué is regarded as too indefinite about cooperation on Indochina.

In political circles it is said that the future of the Mendès-France Government depends greatly on what the Premier actually obtained in Washington. There is no fear of the Cabinet being endangered before the National Assembly votes upon the Paris-London accords. But in the absence of United States financial aid, extensive difficulties on the French budget are in sight.

Special interest centers on the speech that M. Mendès-France intends to make to the United Nations. It has been reported he might indicate a "readjustment" of his foreign policy in view of the Washington talks. Should this adjustment show too much American influence, it might result in weakening his position in the National Assembly.

"Mendès-France was feared in the United States," Le Figaro commented, "but he quickly overcame that feeling. He shook hands right and left, called for a glass of milk and drank it to Franco - American unity. This brought him ovations. He was a superman.

"Mendès-France has succeeded in re-establishing the continuity of French policy, which it had been feared was to be changed. He has publicly renewed the promises of his predecessors to defend the West, which means that the Paris accords must be ratified."

The newspaper added that all M. Mendès-France needed to do now was to cut away from neutralists and fellow-travelers to assure French unity behind him.

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