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By A.M. ROSENTHAL Special to The New York Times.
New York Times (1857-Current file); Nov 1, 1956; ProQuest Historical Newspapers The New York Times (1851 - 2002)
pg. 14

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Brackets Israel With Britain and France as Aggressors —Fears Big-Scale War

By A. M. ROSENTHAL
Special to The New York Times.

NEW DELHI, India, Oct. 31—India hotly denounced Israel, Britain and France today and called for United Nations action to end the "aggression against Egypt."

On instructions of Prime Minister Jawaharlal Nehru, the Government of India issued a sharply worded short statement warning that the attack against Egypt would have far-reaching results in Asia and Africa and might lead to war on a large scale.

India's support for Egypt was expected. But there was some small amount of surprise that Mr. Nehru decided to make his denunciation of the West so quickly. The Indian Government still has not issued any statement about the intervention of the Soviet Army to try to put down the revolt in Hungary.

Just the same, there is no doubt that the Indian people will fully and enthusiastically back their Government in its denunciation of Israel, Britain and France.

The trouble in Eastern Europe was beginning to convince some thinking Indians that the talk of Soviet colonialism was not just Western propaganda.

During the day Mr. Nehru called in the representatives of Britain, France, the United States, Egypt, the Soviet Union and Ceylon to discuss the situation in the Middle East. He made it plain to them that he feared this was a war that might spread.

Mr. Nehru was reported to have expressed appreciation on the stands taken in the United Nations by the United States and the Soviet Union and to have said Moscow and Washington were helping to avert the spread of war.

In the evening the Government issued its statement. It was released at Mr. Nehru's order and probably was written by him. The statement reads:

"The Government of India learned with profound concern of Israeli aggression on Egyptian territory and the subsequent ultimatum delivered by the United Kingdom and France to the Egyptian Government, which was to be followed by an Anglo-French invasion of Egyptian territory.

"They consider this a flagrant violation of the United Nations Charter and opposed to all the principles laid down by the Bandung, Indonesia, conference [of Asian and African nations last year]. This aggression is bound to have far-reaching consequences in Asia and Africa and may even lead to war on an extended scale.

"The Government of India are conveying their views to the governments concerned and earnestly trust that even at this late hour this aggression will be halted and foreign troops withdrawn from Egyptian territory. They hope that the world community, as represented in the United Nations, will take effective action to this end."

Sharett Denies Plot

A center of Indian attention today was Moshe Sharett, former Premier of Israel. Mr. Sharett is in India to attend the Asian Socialist conference in Bombay, opening tomorrow.

Tonight Mr. Sharett denied what the Indians are taking for granted—that the Israeli attack and the British and French ultimatum were part of a carefully worked out plot.

"It is absolutely clear that the Israeli Government is alone reponsible for the action it took," he said.

Mr. Sharett said the Israelis had frequently warned Egyptians that the trouble between them provided a "constant invitation to outside intervention."

He said that if the Israeli-Egyptian rift had not existed—and he blamed Cairo for it—Britain and France would not have had an "excuse" for their intervention.

He refused to say whether he disapproved of the Western powers' action but said that he regretted that things "have come to this pass."

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