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WASHINGTON, Nov. 2—President Eisenhower and Secretary of State Dulles, in public statements, have taken different positions on the crucial question of the "right" of Britain, France and Israel to resort to force against Egypt.

The President, referring to the "provovations" suffered by the three nations and to their subsequent actions, said Wednesday night:

"As it is the manifest right of any of these nations to take such decisions and actions, it is likewise our right, if our judgment so dictates, to dissent." The key words were "manifest right."

The official State Department text of Mr. Dulles' remarks last night in the United Nations General Assembly debate show Mr. Dulles speaking as follows:

"But, Mr. President, if we were to agree that the existence of injustices in the world, which this organization has so far been unable to cure, means that the principle of the renunciation of force is no longer respected, and that there still exists the right wherever a nation feels itself subject to injustice to resort to force to try to correct that injustice, then we would have, I fear, torn this Charter into shreds and the world would again be a world of anarchy."

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