MOVES BY SOVIET STIR ARABS' HOPE
By SAM POPE BREWER Special to The New York Times.
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They Feel Moscow Now May Back Them Fully Against Israel and the West

By SAM POPE BREWER
Special to The New York Times.

BEIRUT, Lebanon, Nov. 6 — The Soviet move for joint intervention with the United States in Egypt "to halt fighting" has stirred hopes among the Arabs for full Soviet support against Israel and the Western powers.

Prime Minister Eden of Britain, on the other hand, was being called a "liar" and a "trickster" by even the mildest of Beirut newspapers for last night's mistaken announcement that the Egyptian forces had surrendered.

The Damascus radio tonight was circulating a report that the Soviet Union had said that if the United States would not support it, Moscow would move in alone to halt British-French "aggression" and restore peace in the Middle East.

Whatever else may come of it, it was clear that the Soviet Union had gained much ground among the Arabs through the British-French invasion and through the Soviet supply of arms to Syria and Egypt before that.

The evacuation of Soviet citizens from Israel last week and last night's announcement that the Soviet Ambassador was being withdrawn from Israel increased the belief in the Arab countries that the Russians were preparing to declare themselves fully on the side of the Arabs in the Middle East conflict.

Some here believe that the destruction of the pipelines across Syria that supplied oil to Syria and Lebanon from Iraq does not matter "because the Russians will see that we get oil."

The latest information, in fact, was that two pumping stations were completely demolished and that it probably will take a year to replace them after the work has been started.

Lebanon is in a state of expectancy, believing war may come, but hoping for peace.

The Soviet letters from Premier Nikolai A. Bulganin yesterday to France and Britain with the implied threat of an attack had a great effect here because of the promise of peace for the Middle East they held out if they were respected by the Western powers.

There was disappointment when the United States refused to join in the Russians' proposed peace-making invasion and general skepticism about the chance of success for any United Nations police force.

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