U. N. POLICE FORCE BARRED BY ISRAEL

Knesset Backs Ben-Gurion, 88 to 3—He Says Border Set in 1949 Is Voided

Excerpts from Ben-Gurion's speech are on Page 6.

By The Associated Press.

JERUSALEM (Israeli Sector), Nov. 7—Premier David Ben-Gurion rejected today proposals for stationing foreign troops, "no matter how called," on Israeli territory or areas under Israeli occupation.

The Knesset (Parliament) gave him an 88-to-3 vote of confidence on his stand. It appeared to bar Israeli agreement to a United Nations police force in the Sinai Peninsula or the Gaza Strip, the areas taken by Israel from Egypt in last week's lightning campaign.

Only the Communists sought to censure Mr. Ben-Gurion with the introduction of a motion alleging that the attack on Egypt had "disturbed peace" and thus endangered Israel's security. The motion was defeated.

Ten parties in Parliament joined in proposing support of Mr. Ben-Gurion's policies.

The 70-year-old Premier put forth Israel's views in his first address to Parliament since the military campaign against Egypt.

No Dispute, Premier Says

In summing up Israel's position concerning efforts to bring peace to the Middle East, he declared:

"On no account will Israel agree to the stationing of a foreign force, no matter how called, in her territory or in any of the areas occupied by her."

Mr. Ben-Gurion also made these other points:

¶"The armistice agreement with Egypt is dead and buried and cannot be restored to life. In consequence, the [1949] armistice lines between Israel and Egypt have no more validity."

¶"There is no dispute whatsoever between the people of Israel and of Egypt."

¶"We do not wish our relations with Egypt to continue in the present anarchic state, and we are ready to enter direct negotiations without prior conditions."

¶"We hope for such negotiations also with the other Arab states, and, so long as they observe the armistice agreements, Israel will too."

¶"Israel will not fight against any Arab country or against Egypt unless she is attacked by them."

All present rose in silent prayer for the 150 or more Israeli soldiers killed in the campaign. About 700 were wounded, the Israelis had said, and twenty captured.

Maj. Gen. Moshe Dayan, Army Chief of Staff, told his victori-

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ous troops yesterday that more han 5,000 Egyptian soldiers had been taken prisoner. But the figures on killed and wounded have not been released.

Premier Ben-Gurion said Israeli ground and air forces had destroyed an Egyptian army of about 40,000—three divisions in the Sinai Peninsula and reinforcements of two brigades.

Adding that a vast quantity of equipment, including tanks, heavy weapons and armored cars had been captured, he asserted:

"The vast booty which has fallen into our hands proves beyond all doubt that the Egyptian dictator [President Gamal Abdel Nasser] has squeezed Egypt's hungry masses to the limit in order to provide the army on which his rule rested with abundant supplies and luxurious living.

"But all their modern arms and equipment did not avail the Egyptian army, because there was no spirit in them. In all fairness, however, I must add that there were some Egyptian commanders who fought with valor and determination and deserve all honor and praise."

A Tribute to Ben-Gurion

Special to The New York Times.

JERUSALEM, Nov. 7—Premier Ben-Gurion's soaring popularity here after the Israeli conquest of Sinai was demonstrated today in the overwhelming vote of confidence.

Then, in a rare display of parliamentary enthusiasm, some backbenchers broke into the national anthem. Spectators in the gallery and members on the floor rose and joined the singing.

Except for Communist denunciation of the Sinai campaign, there was unusual unity in the three-hour debate that followed Mr. Ben-Gurion's speech. The Premier left the hall during the debate. He did not return to reply as is the usual custom. He was also absent during the vote of confidence.

Appeasement Is Charged

JERUSALEM, Nov. 7 (Reuters)—In his speech, Mr. Ben-Gurion charged the United States, Britain and the Soviet Union with having appeased "Fascist dictatorial Egypt."

The three powers did so, he continued, "at the expense of international law and the maintenance of the prestige of the Security Council and the United Nations Charter as long as only Israel was affected."

"It was our duty to take urgent and effective measures for self-defense," he declared.

Attack a 'Historic Mission'

JERUSALEM, Nov. 7 (UP)—Mr. Ben-Gurion did not say specifically that Israel intended to keep the 30,000-square-mile Sinai Peninsula, a barren area thrice the size of Israel, or the Gaza Strip.

Implying that Sinai was Israel's by ancient right, he said the attack was Israel's "historic mission revealed on Mount Sinai."

"Our forces did not attack Egypt proper," the Premier asserted.

[In London, British Prime Minister Eden asserted that Britain intended to "insure that Israeli troops should speedily withdraw from Egyptian territory." Informed sources in Paris said, however, that France would not support Britain in this demand.]

Mr. Ben-Gurion expressed hope that "the Egyptian dictator will not compel Israelis to violate the Biblical injunction never to return to that country."

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