Nasser Issues Decree
By ERIC PACE Special to The New York Times
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Special to The New York Times

CAIRO, June 11—President Gamal Abdel Nasser named a new military commander and a new air force chief today, and the Cairo radio announced that "we will not rest until Israel evacuates the land she now occupies."

In the first Egyptian statement of policy concerning Israel's war gains, the Government radio said, "Israel will not gain any privileges through her cheap victory."

In the wake of that victory, 11 senior Egyptian commanders resigned or retired today.

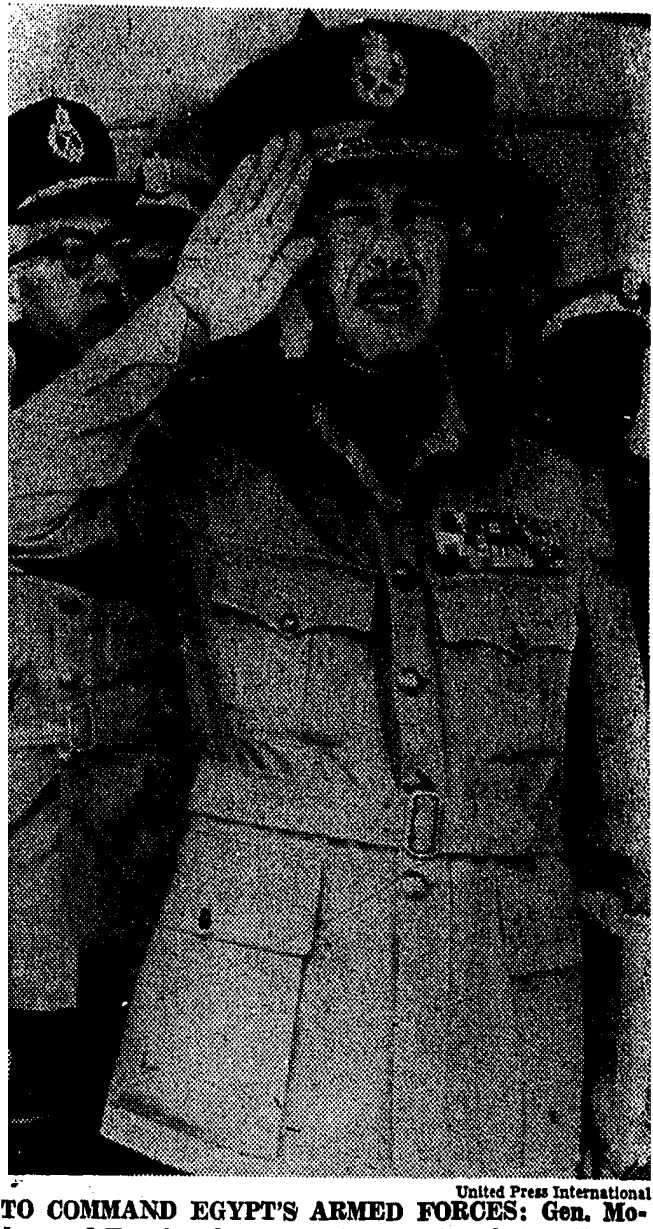
The changes, announced in a broadcast Presidential decree, amounted to the most sweeping military shake-up here since the revolution of 1952. Both the shake-up and the declaration of defiance against Israel appeared to bode further instability and tension.

During the evening, usually reliable sources reported that plans were being laid for Arab leaders to meet and form a common policy about Israel's war gains.

The sources, who declined to be identified, said the leaders

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United Press International

TO COMMAND EGYPT'S ARMED FORCES: Gen. Mohammed Fawzi as he appeared a few days before the recent war with Israel. He was named to replace Field Marshal Abdel Hakim Amer, who resigned Friday, and was given title of Commander in Chief of the armed forces.

Cairo Replaces Top Generals; Vows to Restore Boundaries

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were likely to meet in either Algiers or Khartoum, the Sudan, and would probably agree to demand Israel's withdrawal from the posts of Egypt, Jordan and Syria that she occupied during the fighting last week.

No agenda or date has been set for the meeting.

Later, an official of the Arab League confirmed that contacts were under way for the conference and said they had been initiated by Algeria, Iraq and the Sudan.

In Mr. Nasser's decree, he accepted the resignations of the army and navy commanders, the air force chief, another senior air force general, the military operations chief and two assistants to the over-all military commander, Field Marshal Abdel Hakim Amer, who resigned on Friday.

[There were unconfirmed reports that Field Marshal Amer was under house arrest, according to a dispatch from Agence France-Presse.]

Mr. Nasser pensioned off four other generals who have sizable followings in the armed forces, and it was not known how their followers would react to the changes.

The Wounded Arrive

There was no open sign of discord within the armed forces. There were no movements of armor, and there was no disruption of communications.

The only military movements in the capital appeared to be the passage of t ickloads of troops, reported to be returning from the front, and the arrival of wounded Egyptian soldiers for treatment.

The armed forces' new commander is Mohammed Fawzi, a tall and grizzled career officer who was formerly Chief of Staff. General Fawzi has received a new title, Commander in Chief. Field Marshal Amer held the title Deputy Supreme Commander.

Mr. Nasser, who resigned as President Friday but later revoked his resignation, retains the title Supreme Commander.

The service chiefs who resigned were Adm. Soleiman Ezzat of the navy, Gen. Abdul Mohsen Mortaga of the army, who personally commanded operations on the Sinai Peninsula last week, and Gen. Sidky Mahmud of the air force.

The new Air Commander is Gen. Madkour Mabulzz. [Vice Adm. Mohammed Ahmed Fikri was named commander of the navy and Gen. Salah Eddin Mohsen assistant commander in chief, according to a Cairo broadcast reported by Reuters.]

Besides the service chiefs, the assistants to Marshal Amer who resigned were Gen. Halim Iman and Gen. Abdullah Hilal.

As Commander in Chief, General Fawzi becomes the man who would presumably lead any new offensive against Israel.

According to the declaration by the Cairo radio, the Egyptians "will take up their arms and march to their honorable duty and destiny."

The station added that "the Egyptians will not give up one inch of their territory" to Israel, and it rejected the idea of direct negotiation between the Arab countries and the enemy state.

The broadcast said that Israel planned to "barter" separately with the individual Arab nations, and that in an attempt to divide the Arab world she had staged a "criminal attack against Syria."

Apparently the defiant tone of the statement was based on confidence that the Communist bloc would support Egypt and the other Arab nations in negotiations.

The former military chief, Marshal Amer, was an old confidant and comrade in arms of President Nasser, who had overseen the build-up of Egyptian forces since the 1965 war with Israel.

He has made no public appearances since the cease-fire on Friday, and there has been no indication that he will be given another military command. Nor has there been any word about the future of the former Defense Minister, Shamseddin Badran, who also resigned then.

Marshal Amer's successor, General Fawzi, is 52 years old. A former commandant of the National Military Academy, he is tall and lean, with a clipped gray mustache.

The general is a career officer and the son of another career officer but is not so close to President Nasser as Marshal Amer was.

Yugoslav in Cairo

CAIRO, June 11 (Reuters)—Koca Popovic, former Yugoslav Foreign Minister, arrived today as President Tito's representative for talks with Egyptian leaders, Yugoslav sources said.

The sources added that Mr. Popovic was believed to be carrying a message to President Nasser. They did not know when he would be seeing Mr. Nasser.

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